**CF Fund Services** 



Société En Commandite Spéciale

### Overview

At the time of the enactment of the law of 12 July 2013 on alternative investment fund managers (the "AIFM Law"), the Luxembourg government took the opportunity to reform the limited partnership regime from a legal and fiscal perspective. A new form of limited partnership without legal personality: the special limited partnership (société en commandite spéciale) was introduced.

The tax regime of the special limited partnership ("SLP") has been clarified by the AIFM Law and by the circular of the Luxembourg tax authorities dated 9 January 2015

Largely inspired by the Anglo-Saxon limited partnership regimes, the SLP has been designed to bolster Luxembourg's position as an AIF hub at a time when the manager regulation is seen as a potential substitute for product regulation. Structuring flexibility and tax transparency are the key features of the SLP.







# A PARTNERSHIP WITHOUT LEGAL PERSONALITY

The SLP follows the usual common law partnership regime and does not have a legal personality distinct from its partners. Despite the fact that the SLP has no legal personality, the registration of assets which are contributed to the SLP shall be made in the name of the SLP and not in the name of a General Partner ("GP") or Limited Partners ("LP").

Non-regulated vehicles or regulated vehicles (i.e. Special Investment Funds ("SIF") and Société d'Investissement à Capital Risque ("SICAR") or a Part II Société d'Investissement à Capital Fixe ("Part II SICAF") may be created under the legal form of a SLP.

# REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS AND CONTRACTUAL FLEXIBILITY

The SLP is formed under a contractual form. The Limited Partnership Agreement ("LPA") can take the form of a notarial deed or a private agreement. However, the SLP has to be registered with the Luxembourg Trade and Companies' Registry ("RCS"). Only an extract of the LPA shall be filed with the RCS and subsequently published. The mandatory content of the extract comprises: the denomination and the duration of the SLP, the designation of the GP(s) and designation of the manager(s) and their signatory powers. Other provisions of the LPA and the identity and contributions of the LP(s) do not have to be published.

The GP(s) and LP(s) shall define all the terms and conditions in the LPA, including the operational and organizational aspects.

There are no legal restrictions regarding the following features that can be freely organized in the LPA:

- ► Acceptance of new partners and issuance of new partnership interests in the SLP;
- ► Transfer of partnership interests;
- ▶ Distributions to the partners (either in the form of a distribution of profits or by means of a reimbursement of participating interest in the SLP (NB: interest issued will be represented by securities or capital accounts);
- ► The right of the partners to the profits or share of losses of the SLP;
- ► The form of the contribution (in cash, in kind or sweat equity);
- Allocation of voting rights can be freely determined;
- ▶ A GP may but is not obliged to act as manager of the SLP and the management may be delegated by the GP to an AIFM;
- Conditions and process to put the SLP into liquidation.

Given that the SLP has no legal personality, it does in principle not have a registered office but the AIFM Law states that its registered office is deemed to be that of its central administration agent (which in turn is deemed to have its statutory seat in Luxembourg).

The rights on the assets of the SLP are exclusively for the benefit of the creditors of the SLP. The creditors of any given partner have no direct rights with regards to these assets but only to the interests held by that partner in the SLP.





#### TAX CONSIDERATIONS

#### 1. NON REGULATED SLP

A SLP is fiscally transparent for the purpose of income tax and wealth tax (foreign partners may only be taxed in Luxembourg if they carry commercial activity through a permanent establishment).

No withholding tax is levied on payments whether the partners are located in Luxembourg or elsewhere.

It is however subject to Municipal Business Tax ("MBT") to the extent that it carries on commercial activities on a permanent basis. In this respect an administrative circular has clarified that a SLP considered as an AIF pursuant to the AIFM Law is deemed not to carry on commercial activities and shall therefore never be subject to MBT to the extent that its GP holds less than 5% of the SLP. With respect to SLPs that do not qualify as an AIF, the circular sets out several criteria and examples that gives useful guidance on the circumstances and activities deemed to be commercial resulting in the SLP being subject to MBT.

#### 2A. REGULATED SLP SET UP AS A SIF

A SLP set up as a SIF is not subject to corporate income tax ("CIT"), MBT or net wealth tax ("NWT").

It is however subject to a 0.01% subscription tax per annum calculated on its Net Asset Value ("NAV").

Non-resident LPs should not be subject to Luxembourg tax on income and gains arising from their interest in the SLP set up as a SIF.

# 2B. REGULATED SLP SET UP AS A SICAR

A SLP set up as a SICAR, is not considered to carry out a commercial activity. It is not subject to CIT, MBT or NWT.

Non-resident LPs should, in principle, not be subject to Luxembourg tax on income and gains arising from their interest in the SLP set up as a SICAR.





### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, FEEL FREE TO CONTACT OUR EXPERTS:



Livio Gambardella **Partner** +352 45 123 234 livio.gambardella@bdo.lu



Raphaël Eber **Partner** +352 45 123 875 raphael.eber@cf-fs.lu



**Daniel Hilbert** Partner +352 45 123 480 daniel.hilbert@bdo.lu

Follow us in



www.bdo.lu

This publication has been carefully prepared, but it has been written in general terms and should be seen as containing broad guidance only.

This publication should not be used or relied upon to cover specific situations and you should not act, or refrain from acting, upon the information contained in this  $publication\ herein\ without\ obtaining\ specific\ professional\ advice.$ 

Please contact the appropriate BDO Member Firm to discuss these matters in the context of your particular circumstances.

No entity of the BDO network, nor the BDO Member Firms or their partners, employees or agents accept or assume any liability or duty of care for any loss arising from any action taken or not taken by anyone in reliance on the information in this publication or for any decision based on it.

BDO is an international network of public accounting firms, the BDO Member Firms, which perform professional services under the name of BDO. Each BDO Member Firm is a member of BDO International Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee that is the governing entity of the international BDO network.

Service provision within the BDO network is coordinated by Brussels Worldwide Services BVBA, a limited liability company incorporated in Belgium with its statutory seat

Each of BDO International Limited (the governing entity of the BDO network), Brussels Worldwide Services BVBA and the member firms of the BDO network is a separate legal entity and has no liability for another such entity's acts or omissions. Nothing in the arrangements or rules of the BDO network shall constitute or imply an agency relationship or a partnership between BDO International Limited, Brussels Worldwide Services BVBA and/or the member firms of the BDO network.

BDO is the brand name for the BDO network and for each of the BDO Member Firms.

© 2023 CF Fund Services

All rights reserved.



